

BUSINESS CARDS.
JOHN E. HAMILTON,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
N. E. CORNER SCOTT AND FOURTH STS.,
COVINGTON, KY.
WILL practice in the counties of Kenton, Campbell, Pendleton, and Boone.
Collections also made in the city of Cincinnati and county of Hamilton, State of Ohio.
dec 1-wt-wm

A. J. JAMES,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.
Office on West side St. Clair street, near the Court-house.
feb 26 wt-wt

JOHN M. HARLAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.
Office on St. Clair street, with James Harlan.
feb 26 wt-wt

JOHN RODMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ST. CLAIR STREET,
Two doors North of the Court-house,
FRANKFORT, KY.

LIGE ARNOLD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NEW LIBERTY, KY.
WILL practice in the Courts of Owen, Carroll, Gallatin, Grant, and Henry counties.
Collections in any of the above counties promptly attended to.
apr 7 wt-wt

E. A. W. ROBERTS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.
WILL practice in the Franklin Circuit Court and in the courts of the adjoining counties.
Office on Market street.
may 19 ft

GEORGE E. ROE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GREENSBURG, KY.
WILL practice law in the counties of Greenup, Lewis, Carter, and Lawrence, and in the Court of Appeals.
Office on Main street, opposite the Court-house.
jan 14 wt

JAMES P. METCALFE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.
WILL practice in the Court of Appeals. Office on St. Clair street, over Drs. Sneed & Rodman's.
feb 22 wt-wt

P. U. MAJOR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.
OFFICE on St. Clair street, near the Court House.
WILL practice in the Circuit Courts of the 3rd Judicial District Court of Appeals, Federal Court, and all other courts held in Frankfort.
jan 14 wt

LAW NOTICE.
JAS. B. CLAY, THOS. B. MONROE, JR.,
CLAY & MONROE,
WILL practice law in the United States, Circuit, and District Courts held at Frankfort, and the Court of Appeals of Kentucky. Business confided to them will receive prompt attention.
Address: Thos. B. Monroe, Jr., Secretary of State, Frankfort, or Clay & Monroe, office short street, Lexington.
apr 7 wt-wt

THOS. B. MONROE, JR.,
Has been engaged to attend to the unfinished professional business of the late Hon. Ben. Monroe. Communications addressed to him at Frankfort will receive prompt attention.
apr 7 wt-wt

G. W. CRADDOCK,
CRADDOCK & CRADDOCK,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.
OFFICE on St. Clair street, next door south of the Branch Bank in copartnership in all the Courts held in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.
jan 14 wt-wt

T. N. & D. W. LINDSEY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.
WILL practice law in all the Courts in Frankfort and the adjoining counties. Office on St. Clair street, four doors from the bridge.
dec 1 wt-wt

JOHN A. MONROE,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.
WILL practice law in the Court of Appeals, in the Franklin Circuit Court, and all other State Courts held in Frankfort, and will attend to the collection of debts for non-residents in any part of the State.
He will as Commissioner of Deeds, take the acknowledgments of deeds, and other writings to be used or recorded in other States, and as Commissioner under the act of Congress, attend to the taking of depositions, affidavits, etc.
Office, "Old Bank," opposite Mansion House.
nov 15 ft

MEDICAL CARD.
DR. J. G. KEENON,
HAVING permanently located in Frankfort, tenders his professional services to the citizens of the town and vicinity.
Office on Main street, in Mansion House, 2d door from corner.
sep 1 wt-wt

A. CONERY,
(SUCCESSOR TO W. P. LOOMIS),
DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver-ware, and Fancy Goods.
Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired at short notice.
IN retiring from business, I would return my thanks for the patronage I have received, and would recommend Mr. Conery to you as competent to conduct the business as my successor, having been with me for a number of years as Salesman and Watch-maker.
W. P. LOOMIS.
sep 1 wt-wt

JOHN M. McCALLA,
Attorney at Law, and General Agent,
WASHINGTON, CITY, D. C.
WILL attend particularly to SUSPENDED and REJECTED CLAIMS—where based upon the want of official records.
sep 1 wt-wt

LOOK AT THIS!
J. L. Moore & Son
Are Receiving Their
FALL & WINTER GOODS!
aug 30 wt-wt

NOTICE.
FOR SALT RIVER.
ALL persons indebted to SOLOMON WEILER, (A. Sonenberger, Agent), are requested to come forward immediately and settle up, as he is desirous of closing up his business as soon as possible.
The stock of Clothing on hand will be sold at once, until the first week in November next, at which time the house will be closed, as the proprietor expects them to emigrate to the head waters of Salt River.
SOLOMON WEILER.
No. 1, Commonwealth building, St. Clair st.
aug 28 wt-wt

H. WHITTINGHAM,
NEWSPAPER AND PERIODICAL AGENT,
FRANKFORT, KY.
CONTINUOUS to furnish American and Foreign Newspapers, Monthly, and Quarterly, on the best terms. Advance sheets received from twenty-four Publishers. Back numbers supplied to complete sets.
nov 27 wt-wt

LOUISVILLE ADVERTISEMENTS.
WAS. P. MARSHALL, JOHN A. DICKINSON,
NEW CARPET
AND
House Furnishing Store.
MARSHALL & DICKINSON,
IMPORTERS & DEALERS,
79 FOURTH ST., BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET
LOUISVILLE, KY.
WE are now opening an entirely new stock, embracing every variety, style, and quality of handsome
Carpets, Tassels,
Rugs, Mats, Cornices,
India & Coco Matting, Shades,
Stair Rods, Shade Trimmings,
Curtains, Cumb Cloths,
Stair Linen, Green Baise.

PIANO TUNER.
IT GIVES US PLEASURE TO ANNOUNCE TO THE PUBLIC that we have made a permanent arrangement with
THOS. G. POINSETT,
The best tuner and repairer of Pianos in the West. All orders sent to us shall be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
TRIPP & CRAGG,
No. 321, (109) 4th street, Louisville, Ky.
sep 8 wt-wt

HART & MAPOTHER,
Lithographers and Fancy Printers,
Southeast corner Market and Third Streets,
Louisville, Ky.,
EXECUTE in the highest style of the art, every description of ENGRAVING, PEN AND INK LITHOGRAPHY, COLOR PRINTING, &c., &c.
aug 13 wt-wt

NATIONAL HOTEL,
Corner Fourth and Main Streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
HARROW & PHILLIPS,
PROPRIETORS.
Terms, \$1.50 per day.
aug 2 wt-wt

STOP THERE!
HALL & HARRIS keep the United States, formerly the Owens Hotel.
When you go to Louisville stop there.
jcs ly

M. B. SWAIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN GENTLEMEN'S
FURNISHING GOODS,
No. 4 Masonic Building,
mar 10 wt-wt
LOUISVILLE, KY.

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!!
BURR, HAIGHT & WHEELER
LOUISVILLE, KY.
HAVE now on hand a large assortment of Carriages, Rockaways, Side-seat, Top, and Open Buggies, of various styles and finish, to which we would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity. This is the most complete assortment of vehicles ever offered in the West, and will be sold lower than ever before offered, for cash, or short approved paper.
If you give us a call and examine our stock, you will be satisfied.
jcs wt-wt

BARGAINS
IN
Traveling and Walking Suits.
C. T. MERRIMAN,
WILL offer on Monday his entire stock in the above goods at greatly reduced prices.
50 Plain Eng Barege Suits at \$10.75
50 Flounced Eng Barege Suits at \$11.00
50 Quilted Skirts Eng Barege Suits at \$14.00
50 Chaffey Suits from \$16 to \$18.00
25 Rich Valencia Suits from \$18 to \$23.00
25 Suits in Summer Silk from \$20 to \$25.00.
C. T. MERRIMAN,
National Hotel Building,
FOURTH STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.
jcs 2 wt-wt

CARY AND TALBOTT,
(BELL, TALBOTT & CO.)
DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES, PAINTS,
Fourth, Louisville, Ky.
Particular attention paid to Physicians' orders.
mar 22 wt-wt

T. G. WATERS,
THOS. G. WATERS,
BOOTS & SHOES
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER
IN
BOOTS & SHOES,
S. E. CORNER FOURTH AND MARKET STREETS,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
mar 22 wt-wt

CO-PARTNERSHIP.
WE, the undersigned, have this day formed a Co-partnership under the style and firm of
BARRETT & CO.,
for the purpose of carrying on the
Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods Business,
At the old stand 107 Fourth street, known as the New York Store, formerly occupied by DUBREE, HEATH & CO.
STEPHEN BARRETT,
J. R. MIDDLETON,
aug 25 wt-wt

LOUISVILLE ADVERTISEMENTS.
NATHANIEL WOLFE, S. N. HODGES,
OF LOUISVILLE, LATE OF FRANKFORT,
WOLFE & HODGES,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS
AT LAW,
AND
COLLECTING AGENTS,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Office on Centre Street, opposite the Court-house.
oct 1 wt-wt

MEDICAL REPORT,
Containing Thirty fine Plates and Engravings of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Sexual Organs in a state of Health and Disease.
Sent to any address in a sealed wrapper on the receipt of TEN CENTS.
ON A NEW METHOD of treating Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Stricture, Gleet, Sexual Debility, Impotence, Female Diseases, and all affections of the reproductive system of both sexes, the infirmities of youth and maturity arising from the secret follies of both sexes, with a full treatise on SELF-ABUSE, and the various diseases and consequences upon the mind and body, pointing out the author's plan of treatment, the only rational and safe mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married, and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent to any address in a sealed wrapper on the receipt of TEN CENTS.
Those who have contracted a certain loathsome disease, and especially YOUNG MEN who have injured themselves by certain secret habits, as well as MIDDLE AGED and OLD MEN troubled with debility and loss of power, before applying to any one for treatment, should first read this invaluable book. DR. DEWEES' FEMALE MONTHLY REGULATOR, a safe and certain remedy for Obstructions, irregularities, &c., and is the only reliable "preventive of pregnancy," warranted not to injure the health. CAUTION—It should not be used during pregnancy, as MISCARriage would be the result, though always harmless. Price \$1 per box, and may be sent by mail.
The author may be consulted, either personally or by letter, on all the diseases of which his work treats, and medicines sent to all parts of the country with complete instructions for self-treatment, secured from danger or curiosity.
Address: DR. T. WILLIAMS,
Consulting Surgeon, Galen's Head Dispensary, 314, Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson, Louisville, Ky.
Office hours from 8 o'clock, A. M. to 9 P. M., daily. (Sundays, 9 to 12 A. M.)
aug 16 wt-wt

FALL IMPORTATION, 1860.
BOOTS & SHOES.
Warranted Uniform in Quality.
S. C. BULL,
DEALER IN
Boots and Shoes
IN ALL THEIR VARIETIES,
Saint Clair Street, (Told's Old Stand),
Frankfort, Kentucky.

THICK BOOTS.
Special attention is requested to my stock of
Men's Thick Boots,
made with half double soles and two soles, without a welt. They are a superior article, and can be relied on for excellent service, as I had them made free of all inferior stock.
BROGANS.
And all other kinds of shoes, made with special reference to durability, and are cheaper to the buyer than a poor shoe at any price.
Hats and Caps.
My stock in this line is not surpassed in the city for variety or cheapness.
Lowest Market Prices.
Constantly reminded that persons will seek and find the cheapest house to trade with, I mean to sell my goods out at the lowest rate, for articles of equal quality.
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[From the Boston Post.]

Kentucky and the Union.

Kentucky has more than one hundred and seventy millions invested in slave property; over one-third of her whole valuation; has seven hundred miles of border line; is losing at the rate of two hundred thousand dollars per annum of this property by abolition thieves; and has, therefore, more danger to encounter from the abolitionists than all the other slave States put together. An official voice from this quarter is worth listening to. We have it clear, ringing and patriotic, in a noble letter from that straight forward official, Governor Magoffin. It is in reply to letters asking him what Kentucky do and what ought she to do, now that Lincoln is elected? His reply is in a tone of frankness that cannot be too warmly commended.

At the outset, the Governor thus speaks for Kentucky:

"She will stand by the equality and the rights of the States, and the equality and the rights of the people in the States. She will stand by the repeal of the Missouri compromise, by the Dred Scott decision, and by the enforcement of the fugitive slave law. She will stand by every right she has under the Constitution of the United States. She will demand that slavery shall not be interfered with wherever it exists under the Constitution of the United States, and under the laws and constitutions of the separate States. She will demand that slavery shall not be abolished in the District of Columbia, or wherever it now exists in the Union, and that the slave trade between the States shall not be interfered with by Congress. She will demand her equal rights in all the Territories of this government. She will stand by the position that slave property in the Territories is entitled to the same protection with other property therein, and that no discriminations can be made by the Territorial Legislatures against that property, so as to exclude it directly, or to limit its right of sale, or to tax it by an unfairly legislation to render it valueless. She will demand that whenever the people of a Territory having sufficient population shall form a State Constitution, with or without slavery in it, and ask of Congress admission as a State into the Union, she shall be admitted, provided her constitution is republican in form. She will keep her present status upon the slavery question, believing the laws, the constitution, and the courts afford her adequate protection. She will stand immovably upon the Democratic platform adopted last winter at Frankfort, and upon the one adopted last summer at Baltimore, upon which her noble and gifted son has just been defeated. Enfranchised in this position, behind the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States, her rallying cry will be, her rights and her equality in the Union. She will ask nothing she will not concede to her sister States. She wants all her rights under the constitution, and she will neither give up nor compromise a single one of them. She will show her devotion to the Union by standing steadfastly by these, the only principles upon which it can be preserved."

Will the Black Republican slanders of the officers of the South, will those who have deceived and led away by false slander, note what Kentucky will stand by? Will they notice that she here makes no demand—1, to reopen the foreign African slave trade, as the Black Republicans have represented in every Northern vilage the South to be bent; 2, to so force the free States to recognize slavery that slaveholders may call the roll of the slaves in Baltimore, Hill, about which these orators have declaimed so largely; 3, to enact a Congressional slave code, which has been proclaimed so long from the house top; 4, to expand slavery by Congressional action. Not one of these things is demanded! Yet these Black Republicans have made the great body of the people of the North believe that the South were pressing them in this. In this way, by rank falsehoods, they have deceived the South purposes which it does not entertain, they have poisoned public opinion at the North, elected Abe Lincoln, and inflicted incalculable mischief on the country.

But to return to Gov. Magoffin. He thus commences an elaborate consideration of Lincoln's election:

"I agree with you, that the election of Mr. Lincoln is no cause for alarm or rebellion. It is not to be regarded by the people of the State. It is true he has been elected by a sectional party, upon sectional ideas, with a reckless sectional hostility to an institution the South will not surrender. The people of the slave States, and a large minority of true men in the free States, no matter whether they were the supporters of Mr. B. or Mr. D., look to the future with a ground that if he were elected, and he attempted to carry out his principles and purposes, it would dissolve the Union. Kentucky says after the election, in my judgment, what all parties have declared before, and that is, she will not submit to the carrying out of his principles. The fathers of the Republic, with General Washington at the head, have warned us against the promotion and success of a sectional party as the only danger to the liberties of the people or to the safety of the Confederacy. The Republicans have paid no attention to these warnings, but blindly, madly, with regard to consequences, they have declared this government could not exist as free and part slave, but must be all free. It matters little whether we have to give up our slave property, or whether our children will be committed to do it. They have made their threats that they intended to deprive us of it sooner or later, and in the free States, as far as they dare or had the power, they have put their threats into execution. They have passed laws in thirteen of the free States, I believe, which prohibit the execution of the fugitive slave law, and have set at naught the Constitution of the United States."

After further citation of facts as to the nullification of the Constitution in the free States, Gov. Magoffin goes on as follows about Kentucky's wrongs and the election of Lincoln:

"Kentucky has over \$170,000,000 in slave property. She is losing at the rate of over \$200,000 per annum of that property. When I stated, in my annual message to the Legislature, the loss was \$1,000,000, few believed it. I have reliable information it is double that sum, and will soon be again doubled, if not in some way arrested. That property, more than one-third of all we possess, is guaranteed to us by the Constitution of the United States and our laws, worked for, acquired, and left to us by our fathers—that property we are working for, and wish to leave to our children, will soon be rendered valueless, and Kentucky become a free State, if these principles and purposes are carried out. Yet with all these grievances, while no slave State has nullified a law of Congress, or refused to obey it, a free State under the Constitution—with all this loss of property by Kentucky—with the further fact staring us in the face that the State of Ohio has violated a great constitutional right of the State of Kentucky, in refusing to deliver up upon my demand a fugitive from our State who has these facts and outrages to be borne, I would say that the mere election of Lincoln is not sufficient cause for secession or rebellion. He is elected under the forms and according to the Constitution of the United States. We would say to our sister States of the South, we have more cause of grievance than all of the cotton States put together, occupying, as we do, seven hundred miles of border line, and at our present position—the constant tampering with our negroes by the Abolitionists—the immense annual loss we sustain—the direct infringement of our rights in refusing to execute the fugitive slave law, and in the robbery of our property—in the danger to the lives of the owners when they go to the free States to recover their slaves—in the insults, and taunts, and injuries to the federal officers who attempt to do their sworn duty in executing the fugitive slave law, as in the recent mob in Ohio, and in the case of Booth & Wisconsin—in the wholesale stealing every day going on of our negroes, and the refusal of the people and Governors to deliver up either the property or the thieves; all this, and more, more, more, complain of, and don't intend to submit to, but we cannot justify you in breaking up the Government and going out of the Union on account of the election of a man upon a bad platform, and the worst political principles and purposes."

"We say to you and to the Republicans, we stand here as pacificators, as arbitrators. We entreat you of the South not to take this rash step; and to you of the North we say, calmly,

but fearlessly and firmly, without threats, you must not encroach upon our constitutional rights as expounded by the highest and purest tribunals in the land. You must stay your arm of fanaticism, of passion, of vengeance, of violence, and you must be resolved to resist unto death any violation of our rights under the Constitution. We will resist aggressions; we will defend the Union under the flag of our fathers, following in their footsteps, and encouraged by their example, no matter what the odds may be against us. Mr. Lincoln has been elected according to all the rights of the people of the United States, and we revere and regard as the depository of our rights and the shield of our safety; and notwithstanding his threats and the danger of carrying out his principles, he may not do it. We must wait for an overt act, hoping that truth and reason and justice, embodied in a clear, an impartial delineation of our rights under the Constitution, as expounded by the Supreme Court of the United States, will prevent it."

That's a plain story of wrong and aggression of the North upon the South. No sane person, we presume, will deny that it is a duty of the General Government to care for and protect the rights of such citizens as, under local laws, own property in the labor of slaves. Has it not been so since Washington's day? Was not indemnification for this property provided for in the Treaty of 1802 with Great Britain? Did not President John Q. Adams, in his messages, repeatedly call attention to the non-fulfillment of this treaty and actually obtain millions of dollars of Great Britain for slaveholders? Here we are told that Northern citizens thrive on this property, in one State alone, to the amount of two hundred thousand dollars annually! What has the North to say to this? Suppose she should be made on property in Massachusetts, to this amount, or a tithe of it, annually, what would its people do? It will not answer to say to Kentucky, what you complain of is not really loss of property; for Massachusetts, in accepting the Federal Constitution, agrees that labor in slaves is property and loss to protect it, as much as the right to protection as the owner of a ship or a factory.

A State thus wronged has, at least, a right to plead with South Carolina to stand by a common country; no State has a larger right to do this than Kentucky; and we hold up to the admiration of every patriot the way in which Governor Magoffin does this. Here is a noble appeal it is never was one:

"To South Carolina, and such other States who may join the Union, I would say, and all, in the geography of this country will not admit of a division—the mouth and sources of the Mississippi river cannot be separated without the horrors of civil war—we cannot sustain you in this movement merely on account of the election of Lincoln. Do not precipitate us by premature action into a revolution or civil war, the consequences of which will be as much fatal to all of us, as it may be avoided. There is still hope, faint though it be. Kentucky is a border State, and has suffered more than all of you. She claims that, standing upon the same sound platform, you will sympathize with her, and stand by her, and not desert her in her exposed perilous border position. She has a right to claim that her voice, and the voice of reason and moderation and patriotism, shall be heard and heeded by you. If you secede, your Representatives will go out of Congress, and leave us at the mercy of a Black Republican Government. Mr. Lincoln will have no check. He can appoint his cabinet and have it confirmed. The Congress will then be Republican, and he will be able to pass such laws as he may suggest. The Supreme Court will be powerless to resist. We will move you to stand by us, and by our friends in the free States, and let us all, the bold, and true, and just men in the free and the slave States, with a united front stand by each other, by our principles, by our rights, our equality, our honor, and by the Union under the Constitution. I believe this is the only way to save it, and we can do it."

Mr. Lincoln, although he has been elected, The majority in Congress is against him and his principles. He is in their power, and they would fully represent a majority of the people of the United States, if they would exercise that power in such a manner as to obtain assurances and guarantees that our rights under the Constitution should be respected and preserved. This is what you want, and what we want. In this way we may accomplish it, the Union may be preserved, and we may go on to prosper in the future as we have done in the past. By seceding, by leaving the halls of Congress, by deserting your posts and us now, the government will be broken up, civil war may follow, and God only knows what will be the end. It may yet be averted in some way by not taking this premature step, and we appeal to you by all these considerations, by all the sacred memories which brought the government into existence, and all the ties which should be preserved and strengthened to keep us together as one people—the battle fields of the revolution, by the achievements and blood of our fathers, and the sufferings of the illustrious dead, the martyrs of freedom who died to give us the liberty we now enjoy—by our unparalleled prosperity and progress as a nation—by our commanding position abroad, and if we continue to be united, our powerful position at home—by all the mortification, ruin, and misery that would attend a failure of our government—by every consideration that should influence an aggressive, a just, an intelligent, a loyal, a brave, a patriotic, and a magnanimous people, to stand by us, by your rights, by the Constitution and by the Union under the Constitution, in this hour of its greatest danger since it came into existence. Let passion be allayed; let reason assume its throne; let moderation, forbearance, and wisdom guide our counsels, and the country may yet be saved. In my contingency, we believe this government was formed in friendship, affection, and mutual confidence and common interests, and whenever these ties are indissolubly severed, it is idle to attempt to keep it together by force."

"In conclusion, I would say, Kentucky will watch the progress of events, in my opinion, in view of all the tremendous responsibilities that devolve upon her, wisely, with her whole heart, being for the Union, and her whole soul overflowing with patriotism and loyalty to that Union under the compact of the Constitution, determined to be just to all sections of this blood-bought confederacy, now the last, best, and brightest hope of freedom and mankind, and with the most perfect confidence in the wisdom and the country may yet be saved. It is most, she has the will, the spirit, the courage, the patriotism, and the manhood, and the ability to defend her inheritance, her honor, and her rights, which have been guaranteed to her by the Constitution of the United States."

All honor to Governor Magoffin for the brave spoken words. They have the ring of the glories past in them; they speak to Carolina in behalf of the free States as well as Kentucky; and they take the ground by a united front for the Constitution the Union can yet be saved. We can no more, are the words, and they will meet with a hearty response from the true lover of his country. Men of the North! Such Southern men now ask you, as the first step, to wipe from your statute books the whole batch of TREASON LEGISLATION which unscrupulous leaders have put on record. Will you not thus aid the Magoffins of the South in their noble effort to save the Union.

TRouble at SIMPSONVILLE.—We learn that for some months past a number of stables and hay-stacks have been burned in the vicinity of Simpsonville, Shelby county, Ky., and it was rumored here that five negroes had been convicted of the incendiarism and executed without formal trial. Such is not the case, however. It is true that incendiaries have been committed, and there is cause to suspect that a number of negroes in the neighborhood are guilty of the crime. On Wednesday a meeting was held in Simpsonville, and an efficient police was appointed to provide against such occurrences in the future.—*Low. Jour.*

MINUTE MEN.—A lodge of Minute Men has been organized in this city, and it is said, already numbers a large membership. A regular meeting took place on Saturday night.—*Low. Journal.*

Hundreds of our friends who have stopped at the United States Hotel, on our advice, have thanked us afterward. We do not say this with any view of making a boast, when we say that it is without doubt the best House that is, or ever was, in Kentucky for its price.—*Democrat.*

Washington News.

New York, Dec. 7.

The Herald's Washington correspondent says that, after the House adjourned, so severe were Southern men upon Mr. Lincoln that a bloody conflict came near being the result of a conversation in one of the hotels, in which Mr. Lincoln was charged with being a "damned Black Republican."

Until the House settles the question of excluding Mr. Hawkins from serving upon the committee, the chairman, Mr. Corwin, will not call them together.

The report to-day is that Riggs & Co., and others who contracted for the last ten million loan, have advanced about six million dollars, and now refuse to pay any more on the ground that South Carolina, a member of one of the contracting firms, refuses her proportionate part of the bargain.

Late advices from the coast of Africa report the capture, by the United States ship Constellation, of the slave bark *Cora*, of New York, with 700 negroes on board.

The Special Pacific Railroad Committee, to whom was referred that part of the Pacific Railroad, will meet soon. They will undoubtedly adhere to the old bill recommended last year, and action will depend much upon the course of the Southern States.

A general session of the cotton States take place, no favor will be shown the Southern. It is considered an important matter by the Republicans. Republican members of the committee are in the majority and will insist upon the central role the bill will be passed. Should secession take place the bill will be passed. The incorporators stand ready to commence at once.

The members from South Carolina, Alabama, Georgia, and Mississippi, drew pay and mileage to this date which leaves the treasury without money for similar services to other members.

The Cataract City Bank of Patterson, N. J., closed its doors on Monday. The loss on its bills was \$1,000,000.

The drug warehouse of L. G. Laid, Maiden Lane, was partially burnt last night. Loss \$15,000.

The Times' Washington correspondent says, the clerks in the departments from South Carolina have all decided to resign on the 15th.

Mr. Washburn, of Illinois, was refused his pay at the Treasury yesterday, but on threatening to resign the draft protested was paid the whole amount.

Secretary Cobb is not to be found. Parties holding large claims against the Government would take pay in Government stocks, but are refused.

The revenue this week is several hundred thousand dollars less than last week.

Mr. Stevens, of Georgia, has written a letter to a friend urging calmness and delay in the secession movement, deprecating it, and urging a reconciliation and compromise of the Union.

Mr. Bonham, of S. C., declined to appear on the Committee on Military affairs to day and will resign his position on the first of next week, so he declared to-day.

Mr. Etheridge, of Tennessee, declared peaceable secession as utterly impossible and out of the question, which substantiates Senator Hayes's position.

The Southern Senators will hold a Convention some time this week, and Mr. Crittenden will make, he says, a great and last effort to save the Union.

The House special committee seems to satisfy nearly the whole of the Union men. Speaker Benjamin has been elected. The subject is now before the House. Mr. Sumner was severely reprimanded to-day by Messrs. Crittenden, D. W. Hunter, and Humphrey Marshall for his ill advised speech of yesterday.

The announcement of Southern merchants that they will not repudiate their debts is having a good financial effect here, and acts favorably for them.

An intimate friend of Mr. Lincoln's who left him within the past week, states that he was assured that no member of the Cabinet had yet been determined on. All speculations sent out from here are inspired by personal opinions.

A rumor is current that Senator Hunter will resign his position as chairman of the Finance Committee, owing to the state of the Treasury. He despairs of accomplishing anything under the circumstances.

Senator Wade will next week make a speech showing the impossibility of peaceable secession. A Senate caucus of Southern Senators and Representatives is being held this evening. This is the first that has been held.

Senator Iverson was severely reprimanded to-day by Messrs. Crittenden, D. W. Hunter, and Humphrey Marshall for his ill advised speech of yesterday.

The announcement of Southern merchants that they will not repudiate their debts is having a good financial effect here, and acts favorably for them.

The Democratic Senators have not gone into caucus since the secession committee, and it is doubtful whether they will command a majority at present in the Senate. It is understood that several members will refuse to recognize Mr. Douglas as a member of the caucus.

The appeal of Mr. John Cochrane to day to Mr. Hawkins, of Fla., not to decline to serve on the committee of 33 produced a deep impression. It was a burst of thrilling eloquence, and a just appeal in the galleries attested the sincerity with which the popular heart cherishes the love of Union.

The President to-day explicitly expressed his determination to send no more troops to the forts near Charleston, and said everything would be done on his part to avoid a collision. Maj. Alexander has made no request for reinforcements, and it is not known whether he will be ordered to the fort of Fort Moultrie and the citizens of Charleston.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7, 1861.

As an expedient for raising funds to meet the present want of the Treasury, a member of the Committee of Ways and Means has suggested that immediate payment of duties on merchandise now in the public stores and warehouses be enforced.

It is not probable that the relief committee of the House will meet before next week. The opinion is well founded that Messrs. Hawkins and Boyce are the only ones who will ask to be excused from serving there. The indications are that their requests will not be granted.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.

The Times correspondent says that Mr. Clay, late Minister to Peru, has called on the President, and that documents are being prepared to accompany a special message to Congress on the subject of the Peruvian Claim. This message will probably be sent in, in about ten days. At the same time the case of Paraguay will be disposed of.

Senator Latham gives it as his opinion, that there would not be 500 men in California favorable to a Pacific Republic, and that California will go with the Northern States. Although it is constantly denied, I am confident that a majority of Republicans will be ready for any compromise involving the loss of the personal self respect of those who voted for Lincoln and the dignity of the Northern States.

The Tribune correspondence says the weekly statement of the Treasury shows a worse condition than at any time at the height of the panic in 1857. Receipts \$19,780,955; drafts paid \$1,431,618,638; drafts issued \$1,408,358,711; net balance \$1,940,707,606. The Treasury is now \$1,516,854,65 in the mint and its branches. The present receipts from all quarters are less than half of the recent expenditures.

The committee on Ways and Means meet to-morrow to consider what form and what manner of relief shall be given. The first question will be whether to convert the \$12,000,000 of uncanceled loans into Treasury notes and to give to the Secretary the \$10,000,000 additional, as asked in his report, or to make a thorough investigation of the Treasury and provide at once for its full wants.

Information here states that a force of 3,000 men were organized in South Carolina for the purpose of taking the forts there whenever the Government shall refuse to relinquish them after secession.

Notwithstanding the threatening attitude of South Carolina, there is reason to know that the most discreet and trusted advisers here have written to the managers there, counselling against any demonstration whatever by which a collision might be precipitated or blood shed.

Mr. Cobb has neither resigned nor left the city

as reported. He is confined to his house by painful indisposition.

An informal conference of several Senators was held to-day, at which Fessenden, Bigler, Forrester, Pugh, and others were present. They seem to favor the extension of the Missouri line to the Pacific as a basis of compromise, affixed as an amendment to the Constitution, to meet the difficulty interposed by the decision of the Supreme Court.

Secretary Cobb has had repeated interviews with Mr. Hunter and finds himself unable to extricate the Treasury from its present bankrupt condition. Consequently he proposes to resign at once. Mr. Hunter, as a matter of fact, will have to resign his position as the chairman of the Finance Committee in the Senate, both as Southern and as a secessionist.

Mr. Holt, the present Postmaster General, it is said, will succeed Mr. Cobb as Secretary of the Treasury, and Mr. Fessenden succeed Mr. Hunter.

The caucus, which was held last evening at Brown's Hotel, was composed exclusively of ultra men from Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, or Louisiana, were invited. They came to no decision. The opinions expressed were decidedly adverse to meeting with the committee of 33. Another meeting will be held to-morrow.

The Senators from the slaveholding States are in conference to-day at the Capitol, with reference to the political state of the country. The meeting is without respect to party.

Kansas News.

Leavenworth, Dec. 7.

Advices from Fort Scott to the 3d instant are at hand. The federal troops are acting as a posse comitatus to the Marshal and had arrested several persons for being engaged in the late murders. No resistance was offered. The troops would move to Mound city on the 4th.

Mr. Stewart, a member of the Texas Legislature from Gonzales, issued a circular in accordance with resolutions of public meetings held at that place, inviting members to be in Austin on the third Monday of December to hold an extra session to call a State Convention. Houston promises to resign if the people demand the convoking of the Legislature. Hoisting the lone star flag in the towns of Texas still continues. The people are united in their resistance to Lincoln's administration.

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THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

BEFORE TAKING THE **ELIXIR.** AFTER TAKING THE **ELIXIR.**

DR. WRIGHT'S

CELEBRATED

REJUVENATING ELIXIR!!

Prepared on the strictest Pharmaceutical principles
by one of the ablest Chemists of the age.

This is altogether a new medicine, the result of

modern discoveries in the vegetable kingdom, being an entirely new and abstract method of cure, irrespective of all the old and worn-out systems publish-

that accomplished quacks to the suffering. Dr.
 Elihu, well known as a quack, practiced upon
 the uninitiated, felt it his duty at once to have this
 Elixir tested by the whole Medical Faculty, who,
 without even hesitating a moment, gave in
 their adherence to its perfect and universal control
 over the whole physical man when his frame has been
 weakened by any of the medicines known to the
 Pharmacopoeia have been tried in vain. Long thought,
 years of patient investigation, and a *nil desperandum*
 in the use of this medicine, have been the result of
 efforts, and he now offers the Elixir to suffering
 humanity as the *only thing* that can cure the following
 diseases:—

GENERAL DEBILITY,
 MENTAL AND PHYSICAL DEPRESSION,
 DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION OF BLOOD TO THE HEAD,
 OBSCURITY
 CONFUSED IDEAS,
 HYSTERIA,
 GENERAL IRRITABILITY,
 RESTLESSNESS AND SLEEPLESSNESS AT
 NIGHT,
 ACHES OF MUSCULAR EFFICIENCY,
 LOSS OF APPETITE,
 DYSPEPSIA,
 ERUPTION,
 LOW SPIRITS,
 DISORGANIZATION OF THE
 ORGANS OF RESPIRATION,
 PALPITATION OF THE HEART,
 And, in fact, all the concomitants of a nervous and
 debilitated state of the system.

As a Stimulant,

It is quite different from alcoholic preparations. It
 is not such a stimulant as to excite the system, as
 to exert its influence, gradually and efficiently, as

As a Female Medicine,
It is equally powerful and effective, and restores the

equilibrium is safer and safer than all the other medicines which for years have flooded the market, and which have done nothing but to enervate the system, renovating the constitution; for a very good reason too, that they are only made from the effusions of minds ignorant of the position altogether.

No Minerals!

Dr. Wright thinks it well to stake his professional character on the fact, that no minerals whatever enter into the composition of his Elixir, and that his Reviving Elixir—well knowing what ruin has been entailed on the community by opium and alcohol—

Generally, to the debilitated, Dr. Wright would say, *Neur d'espair*. No matter how worn down you may be, or how long you have been suffering from the cause may have been—forsake at once whatever has led you to depart from Hygienic principles—take

Reviving Elixir.

And you will soon find yourself a new man—a pride instead of a shame to your family—and a healthy, sound, and worthy member of the human family.

Price \$5 per bottle, or three bottles for \$5, and four bottles for \$15.

Sold by all respectable Druggists throughout the United States and Canada. The trade supplied at a discount.

For sale by the proprietors, **WRIGHT, BROTHERS,**

Sold in Frankfor by W. H. Averill, J. M. Mills, and

Druggists everywhere,
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 ville, wholesale agents. ootile w&w wly

YOU LOOK IN VAIN

For a Gray Hair on the Head of a person who use
HEIMSTREET'S INIMITABLE
HAIR RESTORATIVE.

You will find, however, on the heads of those who use it.

LUXURIANT GOLSSY HAIR
OF ORIGINAL COLOR,
AND A CLEAN SCALP,

NO MATTER AT WHAT AGE OF LIFE IT IS USED.

THE FOLLOWING TESTIMONY IS CONVINCING.

MAON, Ga., March 23, '60,
 Messrs. STEWART & PUTLER, Savannah, Ga.:
Gents—I received the package of Heims street's In-
 imitable Hair Restorative, and after using one bot-
 tle, can safely say it is the best article of the kind I
 know of—it will do all it claims to do, in restoring
 color.

Respectfully,
JONAS F. BEESLEY.
OFFICE HOME MUTUAL FIRE AND MARINE INS. CO.,

We have used Heilmann's Hair Restorative (Inimitable Restorative) and find it to answer the purposes for which it is designed, better than any thing else we have before used, and can recommend it to the highest terms.

C. B. HENRY
C. L. CHESTER,
G. V. GROSS,

SAVANNAH, GA., Nov. 19, 1860.

Messrs. W. E. HARGAN & Co., Proprietors,
Gents.—Our firm having sold large quantities of your INIMITABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE, and hearing it so universally commended by our patrons in the highest manner as to its "NINE AND TEN," we were induced to give it a trial, having for some years been troubled with falling of the hair, dryness of the scalp, and itching of the head. We have used many hair-scalps—the scalp being apparently diseased. After faithfully using one small bottle of the Restorative, and finding its good qualities apparent, I compare the present condition of my hair to the condition of a better condition than ever before during my recollection. It has stopped falling out, and the scalp has

resumed its functions. I most cheerfully recommend your article as having all the virtues you claim for it. In addition to my own case, *I can point out at least fifty persons in our city who have had the same*

perceive in its use as myself. You are at liberty to use this letter as you may see proper, and I will be happy to recommend you to latter with as much zeal and all occasions. Yours respectfully,
JAMES STEWART,
 Of the firm of Stewart & Butler.

"Rejoice! ye with gray hairs and balds heads, for the *Invincible* will restore the former to its original beauty, and will fade out the latter with a luxuriant growth."—*Troy Budget.*

"If you wish to have the *real* color, instead of the dull brown look which hair-dye imparts, use *Heimstead's Restorative*, which invigorates the *roots* of the hair and makes it young again, no matter how much it may be faded or faded out."—*Idaho Falls.*

USE NOTHING ELSE.
 Sold every where—price 50 cents, and \$1 a bottle.
 W. E. HARRIS & CO.,
 Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.
 Sold in Frankfort by W. H. A. HERGENROTTER & Co., in Louisville by Raymond & Tyler, and Wilson, Peter & Co., who will supply dealers at proprietors' prices.

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HOLLAND BITTERS.
PREPARED FROM THE
Chiliroot and most grateful herbs in the Ve-
getable Kingdom. Universally approved as a Family Remedy in
**INDIGESTION, SOUR STOMACH,
COLIC, HEARTY RUIN,
HEADACHE, & ALL DYSPEPTIC COMPLAINTS.**
The Weak and Nervous should try it.
Beware of *Imitations!* But one size of the genuine, (half
pint bottles) please give the name, to be successful.
Keep that name in on the label of every bottle you buy.
BENJAMIN FRANKLIN'S **TRADE MARK** **& CO.**
SOLE PROPRIETORS, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.
Sold by Druggists generally.
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HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED
Just published, in a Scaled Envelope,
**A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT,
AND RADICAL CURE OF SPERMATORRHOEA, or Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Ner-
vousness, and Involuntary Emissions, producing Im-
potency, Consumption, and Mental and Physical De-
bility.**
By **ROBERT SILVERWELL, M. D.**

The important fact that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without internal medicines or the dangerous applications of

anastics, instruments, medicated bougies, and other
 uesthetic devices, is here clearly demonstrated, and
 he entirely new and highly successful treatment, and
 he celebrated author fully explained, by
 means of which every one is enabled to cure himself
 perfectly, and at the least possible cost, thereby
 avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day.—
 This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thou-
 sands.

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